



## Data Policy Questions

<b>Inclusion</b>	<p>The theme should address the minority, vulnerable or marginalised group.</p> <p>What is the impact of AI on data protection and privacy on context of refugees and most vulnerable groups?</p> <p>How can this vulnerable social group have a safe experience online through AI, and what challenges arise with regard to data protection?</p> <p>How can we establish a sensible framework for data access and use by law enforcement agencies and judicial authorities?</p> <p>Does the future of the internet cater for the vision impaired people or people with disability?</p> <p>FinTech for the financial inclusion using internet/telecom infrastructure based in the Blockchain.</p> <p>How accessible and affordable can the internet to rural areas in the global South?</p>
<b>Development &amp; Sustainability</b>	<p>How can we get the best value out of data for wellbeing, society, economy, climate and sustainable development?</p> <p>How can we balance data collection, data protection and privacy in a responsible way?</p> <p>Data to include climate change and environmental sustainability</p> <p>Reducing amount of data sent (Carbon pollution)</p> <p>Build greener websites and applications</p> <p>How is data quality playing a role in the conception of Internet Commons?</p> <p>Deliberate Regional and Governmental User Policies to Guarantee Sustainable use of the internet</p> <p>Tapping the green power of AI and IoT for energy conservation</p> <p>Utilizing technologies to promote sustainable agriculture</p> <p>Understanding Energy use and promoting health practices in rural/peri-urban communities in Africa</p> <p>How to contribute to ensure the sustainable use of energy by servers?</p> <p>What should data reflect to represent the foundations fostered in IGF?</p>
<b>Privacy &amp; Safety</b>	<p>Enabling the secondary use of data for societal good whilst preserving privacy. Is this a technological or regulatory problem?</p> <p>What 's the impact of the GDPR 2 years after?</p> <p>What's the awareness of data protection across users, companies and public authorities</p> <p>How effective is the data privacy strategy to ensure where who and where our data is accessed Can we trust online web apps and the internet in general with our data? How can we get compensations from big tech companies for using and selling our data without consent.</p> <p>What do individuals think about the data being gathered about their everyday activities ?What role can IGF play in making sure that we achieve a level playing ground before some technologies are developed or used?</p> <p>What are the legal and regulatory gaps that prevent all under 18's from receiving specific recognition, rights and protection in the digital environment?</p> <p>Keeping the pace between data governance and proliferating privacy and security policies.</p> <p>How to help developing countries to build a strategy for Personal data protection?</p> <p>Promoting the sharing of data in a way that promotes innovation yet protects proprietary data</p> <p>The main issue on data governance is to ensure the development of human-centric data governance frameworks at national, regional and international levels. The balance among fundamental rights is modified with each ICT every day.</p> <p>What is predatory company behaviour? How can companies provide encryption and still ensure they meet public expectations to prevent and address criminal activity on their services?</p> <p>Misinformation and confusion on encryption: What can/cannot be achieved with encryption, does it offer a false sense of security?</p> <p>Child protection and open data tools kits programmes from big IT firms</p> <p>Safeguarding against the fragmentation of the Internet to ensure that it remains one interconnected, global Internet</p> <p>How can ethical, legal and regulatory frameworks ensure that the best interests of children are a primary consideration in the design of data driven technologies?</p> <p>What are the legal and ethical considerations related to the use of personal data and information?</p>
<b>Economy</b>	<p>The Impact of changes in the job market and conditions of employment in the 'gig' economy</p> <p>Market regulation and taxation.</p> <p>Responsibility and Data-driven Economy</p>

<b>Capacity Development</b>	<p>Highlights all kind of capacity building in poor countries thru intelligent networks.          Building Data capacity and Making global data governance work for developing countries.          How to find and train a more diverse pool of software engineers?</p>
<b>AI</b>	<p>How can we develop and establish global norms for the added-value application of machine learning and artificial intelligence?          How can algorithms and Artificial Intelligence help implement children's rights in the digital environment?          How to ensure that the automation of welfare systems and systems that support asylum seekers and refugees increasingly used by public- private partnerships around the world do not violate the fundamental rights and freedoms of the most vulnerable populations?</p> <p>AI principles and regulation: How should we address the potential for data and AI technologies to wittingly or unwittingly be used in ways that adversely impact vulnerable populations or certain groups of society?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- AI principles and regulation: How can regulation be crafted to tackle undesirable behaviour without restricting beneficial uses of AI or undermining incentives for innovation?</li> <li>- AI ethics: How do we move from the articulation of ethical and human rights principles for AI to the operationalization of ethics by those deploying AI technologies?</li> <li>- Digital Sovereignty: How can governments enable the continued benefits of data flows (e.g. to support commerce or develop new AI applications) while respecting national interests and values?</li> <li>- Data sharing and open data initiatives: What frameworks can be put in place to enable sharing of public data by governments to provide smaller players with access to larger data sets, helping to level the playing field in data-driven technologies?</li> <li>- Data and e-evidence: What protections and conditions should be in place to govern transfer of personal data in response to requests from Law Enforcement Authorities?</li> <li>- Data and policy-making / Sustainability: How could policy-making benefit from the analysis of big data to better understand impacts of policy decisions on sustainability?</li> <li>- AI and Sustainability: What role can data and AI play in tackling sustainability issues such as climate change, biodiversity, conservation and water scarcity?</li> </ul> <p>OECD's AI Principles as a framework for develop AI for economic growth and societal benefit</p>
<b>Flow &amp; Utilisation</b>	<p>Design and implementation of data intelligence capabilities to improve the analysis processes and generate efficient regulatory policies.          Best practices and recommendations of the use and data exploitation, which establish the principles to be adhered for the proper use of the personal data by regulated, as well as establish recommendations to public and private institutions in the matter.          Subjects in matter of transparency, information access, accessibility and personal data protection, as well as open government actions.          Global traffic exchange trends and policies, risks and opportunities</p> <p>ata Statistics and how it is modelled through verified policies could help in promoting access to reliable information that could improve different sectors and also In particular the ICT  <u>how to share data creating value for all the parties (data trust, data sharing agreement, data pilot di Decode, data dividend...).</u></p> <p>How to transfer the results of various Africa's research on Data from universities, colleges and research centers to African enterprises and users.          What are requirements for international data flow and how should it be established?          How companies could increase the use of Data, and upgrade the appropriation of new digital assets, and all sectors alike.          How can we assess the impact of big data on existing communications, legal and regulatory systems? Who should own and control such data?          What are the consequences of increasing data concentration and technical development for individuals and our fundamental values? Does informational self-determination exist today or are citizens increasingly losing control over their data? How could a truly self-determined data space look like?          How should data collected by companies be shared to achieve the best public outcomes? What is the impact on competition, how do we ensure quality and innovation?          How should policy makers weigh benefits against problematic effects?          Data Validation Approaches In Storage and Retrieval Systems</p> <p>How to transfer the results of various Africa's research on data from universities, colleges and research centers to African enterprises and users?</p>